FLAVONOIDS FROM NEEDLES OF LARIX LEPTOLEPIS*

GERARDUS JOHANNES NIEMANN

Botanical Laboratory, University Utrecht, The Netherlands (Received 1 March 1973 Accepted 20 March 1973)

Key Word Index-Larix leptolepis, Pinaceae, Gymnospermae, flavonoids, shikimic acid

Plant Larix leptolepis (Sieb et Zucc) Gord Voucher specimen No GN1, Institute for Systematic Botany, University Utrecht Source State Forest Service, Austerlitz, The Netherlands, August 1970 Previous work on leaves L leptolepis (L kaempferi) kaempferol-3-glucoside, hydroxy aromatic acids, phenolic glucosides and glucaric acid L sibirica flavonoids⁵⁻⁷ and phenolic glucosides ⁸ L laricina flavonoids, ^{9 10} phenolic glucosides ¹¹ and aldehydes 10 L decidua organic acids4 and O-methylinositols 12 L potaninii glucaric acid 4 L dahurica (L gmelinii) glucaric acid 4

Present work Freeze-dried needles were extracted with light petrol CHCl₃-CHCl₃-MeOH 2%, CHCl₃-MeOH 10% The latter extract was concentrated to dryness and separated by repeated banding on paper and silica TL, or by NaHCO₃-BuOH partition followed by Sephadex LH20 and polyamide column chromatography and by banding on paper 2-D PC showed at least 18 flavonoids of which many occur in trace amounts only Eight flavonoids were isolated (in solution) and identified by chromatographic and UV spectral data of both the original and acid hydrolysis/degradation¹³ products as the 3-glucosides of kaempferol, quercetin, isorhamnetin and syringetin, the 3-rhamnoglucoside (or glucorhamnoside) of the latter two, vitexin and its (glucosyl) glucoside (8-diglucosylapigenin) 8-(Xylosylglucosyl)apigenin was present as well but has not been purified from the glucosyl derivative A tenth compound was identical with the partly identified 3'-substituted myricetin-3-glucoside from Larix laricina needles 10 Apart from the flavonoids, one of the fractions contained shikimic acid

The diglycosides of isorhamnetin and syringetin yielded rhamnose and glucose on acid hydrolysis H₂O₂ oxidation according to Chandler and Harper¹⁴ gave a disaccharide with the same R_f as that obtained by oxidation of rutin (BuOH-pyridine-H₂O, 10 3 3) Thus, rutinosides seem indicated

Acknowledgements—The assistance of Judith Koerselman-Kooij and Betty Boonzaaijer-van Dijk is much appreciated

- * Part VII in the series "Phenolics from Larix needles" For Part VI see NIEMANN, G J and NUYTEN, S T M (1973) Acta Bot Neerl 22, in press
- ¹ TAKAHASHI, H, ITO, T, MIZUTANI, A and ISOI, K (1960) J Pharm Soc Japan 80, 1488
- ² NIEMANN, G J (1971) Acta Bot Neerl 20, 397
- ³ NIEMANN, G J (1973) Phytochemistry 12, 723
- ⁴ DITTRICH, P and KANDLER, O (1970) Z Pflanzenphysiol 62, 116
- ⁵ Medvedeva, S. A., Tjukavkina, N. A. and Ivanova, S. Z. (1972) Khim Prir Soedin 123
- ⁶ MEDVEDEVA, S A and TJUKAVKINA, N A (1972) Khim Prir Soedin 676
- MEDVEDEVA, S. A., TJUKAVKINA, N. A. and IVANOVA, S. Z. (1972) Khim Prir Soedin 800
 MEDVEDEVA, S. A., TJUKAVKINA, N. A. and IVANOVA, S. Z. (1971) Khim Prir Soedin 844
 NIEMANN, G. J. and BEKOOY, R. (1971) Phytochemistry 10, 893

- ¹⁰ NIEMANN, G J (1972) Acta Bot Neerl 21, 549
- ¹¹ NIEMANN, G J (1969) Phytochemistry 8, 2101
- ¹² DITTRICH, P, GIETL, M and KANDLER, O (1972) Phytochemistry 11, 245
- ¹³ NIEMANN, G J (1972) J Chromatogr 74, 155
- ¹⁴ CHANDLER, B V and HARPER, K A (1961) Australian J Chem 14, 586